

# **SCULPTURE AND CERAMICS II**

**CURRICULUM** 

CARLISLE AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

DATE OF BOARD APPROVAL: December 8, 2022

#### **COURSE OVERVIEW**

Title:	Sculpture and Ceramics II
Grade Level:	Grades 10-12
Level:	High School - Intermediate
Length:	Full Year
<b>Duration:</b>	85 Minute Periods
Frequency:	90 Days
Pre-Requisites:	Sculpture and Ceramics I
Credit:	1 Credit
Description:	Sculpture and Ceramics II is a course where students will continue to develop their craft by learning new skills and experimenting with a variety of art-making approaches related to sculpture and ceramics. Students will become more advanced in wheel throwing and hand-building techniques. Students will also have the opportunity to design and create sculptures and three-dimensional projects using other materials.

### **COURSE TIMELINE**

UNIT	TITLE	KEY CONCEPTS	DURATION (DAYS)
1	Studio Practice	<ul><li> Materials</li><li> Presentation</li><li> Analyze and interpret</li></ul>	Ongoing
2	Presentation	<ul> <li>Presentation methods</li> <li>Preparing artwork for display</li> <li>Exhibition impact</li> </ul>	Ongoing
3	Analyze and Interpret	<ul> <li>Art criticism</li> <li>Interpretation of art</li> <li>Evaluation criteria</li> </ul>	Ongoing
4	Planning and Process	<ul><li>Plan and develop</li><li>Revise and refine</li></ul>	Ongoing
5	Mediums and Materials	<ul><li>Experimentation</li><li>Clay stages</li><li>Traditional and non-traditional materials</li></ul>	Ongoing
6	Surface Design	<ul><li>Glaze application techniques</li><li>Additive and subtractive methods</li></ul>	Ongoing
7	Hand-building	<ul> <li>Hard-slab construction</li> <li>Traditional and contemporary coil-building</li> <li>Combining hand-building techniques</li> <li>Extruding</li> </ul>	35 days
8	Sculpture	<ul><li>Sculpture-in-the-round</li><li>Installation art</li></ul>	25 days
9	Wheel Throwing	<ul><li>Creating forms</li><li>Trimming</li></ul>	20 days

#### **DISCIPLINARY SKILLS and PRACTICES**

DISCIPLINARY SKILLS/PRACTICE	DESCRIPTION	
Develop Craft	Use tools, materials, artistic conventions, and learning to care for tools, materials, and space.	
Engage and Persist	Embrace problems of relevance within the art world and/or of personal importance to develop focus conducive to working and persevering at tasks.	
Envision	Picture mentally what cannot be directly observed and imagine possible next steps in making a piece.	
Express	Create works that convey an idea, a feeling, or a personal meaning.	
Observe	Attend to visual contexts more closely than ordinary "looking" requires, and thereby to see things that otherwise might not be seen.	
Reflect	Think and talk with others about an aspect of one's work or working process, and judge one's own work and working process and the work of others.	
Stretch and Explore	Reach beyond one's capacities to explore playfully without a preconceived plan, and embrace the opportunity to learn from mistakes.	
Understand (Arts) Community	Interact as an artist with other artists (i.e., in classrooms, in local arts organizations, and across the art field) and within the broader society. "Arts" is in parenthesis here as it can easily be switched with other disciplines, like science or history.	

<b>Unit Title</b>	Studio Practice		
<b>Unit Description</b>	Artists and designers create artwork while safely and responsibly taking care of tools, materials, and the art studio.		
Unit Assessment	Create artwork while safely and responsibly taking care of tools, materials, and the art studio.		
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals Content and Vocabulary Standards		
How do artists and designers care for and maintain materials, tools, and equipment?  Ongoing	☐ Demonstrates safe and responsible care for materials. ☐ Demonstrate handling of tools and equipment safely. ☐ Cooperatively work together and maintain studio space.	Vocabulary: art studio, materials, tools, equipment	VA:CR2.2.IIa Explain how traditional and non-traditional materials may impact human health and the environment and demonstrate safe handling of materials, tools, and equipment.

Unit Title	Presentation		
Unit Description	Artists, curators, and others consider a variety of factors and methods including evolving technologies when preparing and refining artwork for display and/or when deciding if and how to preserve and protect it.		
Unit Assessment	Select personal artwork for a portfolio and for presentation and use proper techniques to present their artwork.		
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals Content and Vocabulary Standards		
How does the presenting and sharing of objects, artifacts, and artworks influence and shape ideas, beliefs, and experiences?  Ongoing	Analyze, select, and critique personal artwork for presentation and portfolio.  Evaluate, select, and apply methods appropriately to display artwork in a specific location.  Explain and justify connections between artists or artwork and social, cultural, and political history.	Vocabulary: critique, portfolio, presentation, gallery, museum, exhibit, curate, eye-level, label, mats	VA:Pr.4.1.IIa Analyze, select, and critique personal artwork for a collection or portfolio presentation.  VA:Pr.5.1.IIa Evaluate, select, and apply methods or processes appropriate to display artwork in a specific place.  VA:Pr.6.1.IIa Make, explain, and justify connections between artists or artwork and social, cultural, and political history.

Unit Title	Analyze and Interpret			
<b>Unit Description</b>	Artists and designers analyze and interpret artwork.			
Unit Assessment	Develop criteria to observe, describe,	Develop criteria to observe, describe, analyze, evaluate, and interpret artwork.		
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals Content and Vocabulary Standards			
How do artists and designers interpret works of art?  Ongoing	☐ Observe and describe artwork and identify subject matter and medium. ☐ Analyze composition and design. ☐ Evaluate and interpret meaning and content. ☐ Identify types of contextual information useful in the process of constructing interpretations of an artwork or collections of works.	Vocabulary: observation, description, analyze, evaluate, collections, interpret	VA:Re8.1.IIa Identify types of contextual information useful in the process of constructing interpretations of an artwork or collections of works.	
How do artists evaluate works of art?  Ongoing	☐ Determine the relevance of criteria use by others to evaluate works of art. ☐ Develop questions using relevant criteria to evaluate works of art. ☐ Evaluate artwork using developed criteria and questions.	Vocabulary: art criticism, evaluate, criteria	VA:Re9.1.IIa Determine the relevance of criteria use by others to evaluate a work of art or collection of works.	

How are artists and designers influenced when interpreting and evaluating work of art?  Ongoing	☐ Identify parts of an artwork that are recognizable, relatable, or unfamiliar. ☐ Describe how culture could impact your interpretation of a work of art. ☐ Describe how culture could impact your evaluations of a work of art. ☐ Compare uses of art in societal,	Vocabulary: culture, tradition	VA:Cn11.1.IIa Compare uses of art in variety of societal, cultural, and historical contexts and make connections to uses of art in contemporary and local contexts.
	art.  Compare uses of art in societal, cultural, and historical contexts and make connections to uses of art in contemporary and local contexts.		

Unit Title	Planning and Process			
<b>Unit Description</b>	Artists and designers develop works of art by planning, revising, and refining.			
Unit Assessment	Students will develop works of art by p	Students will develop works of art by planning, revising, refining, and collaborating with peers.		
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals Content and Vocabulary Standards			
What processes do artists use to plan works of art or design?  Ongoing	<ul> <li>☐ Research/learn art techniques, artists, and artworks to plan art making.</li> <li>☐ Create thumbnail sketches to plan compositions for art making.</li> </ul>	Vocabulary: thumbnail sketches, composition	VA:Cr3.1.IIa Engage in constructive critique with peers, then reflect on, re- engage, revise, and refine works of art and design in response to personal artist vision.	
How does collaboration expand the creative process?  Ongoing	<ul> <li>☐ Engage in constructive critique with peers.</li> <li>☐ Reflect on feedback throughout studio production.</li> <li>☐ Plan revisions for works of art based on feedback.</li> <li>☐ Revise works of art based on feedback.</li> </ul>	Vocabulary: reflect, critique, revise	VA:Cr3.1.IIa Engage in constructive critique with peers, then reflect on, re- engage, revise, and refine works of art and design in response to personal artist vision.	

Unit Title	Mediums and Materials		
<b>Unit Description</b>	Artists and designers use multiple sculpture and ceramics materials to create works of art. Students will develop an understanding of how to create art using both traditional and non-traditional materials and processes.		
Unit Assessment	Create art using traditional and non-traditional materials and processes.		
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals Content and Vocabulary Standards		
How do clay stages impact what can be created?  Ongoing	☐ Demonstrate an understanding of clay stages. ☐ Demonstrate clay care and responsibility.	Content Vocabulary: slip, plastic, leather hard, bone-dry, bisqueware, glazeware, slip and score, firing, kiln, wedge  Techniques: slip and score, wedge	VA:Cr1.2.IIa Choose from a range of materials and methods of traditional and contemporary artistic practices to plan works of art and design.
How do artists create work using traditional materials?  Ongoing	☐ Develop an understanding of multiple traditional approaches, materials, and/or processes. ☐ Create using multiple traditional approaches, materials, and/or process.	Materials and Techniques: wire, clay, cardboard, metal, plaster, fibers, foam	VA:Cr1.2.IIa Choose from a range of materials and methods of traditional and contemporary artistic practices to plan works of art and design.
How do artists create work using non-traditional materials?  Ongoing	Analyze the difference between traditional and non-traditional sculpture and ceramics processes.  Create using multiple non-traditional approaches, materials, and/or processes.	Materials and Techniques: found materials (environmental, recycled, everyday objects).	VA:Cr1.2.IIa Choose from a range of materials and methods of traditional and contemporary artistic practices to plan works of art and design.

Unit Title	Surface Design		
<b>Unit Description</b>	Artists and designers use a variety of surface design techniques to create works of art.		
Unit Assessment	Create art using multiple advanced surface design techniques.		
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals Content and Vocabulary Standards		
How can glazes be applied for surface design?  Ongoing	☐ Demonstrate an understanding glaze (low fire, high fire, underglaze). ☐ Demonstrate an understanding of glaze application (stain, resist, dip).	Vocabulary: glaze, low fire, high fire, underglaze, kiln, stain, resist, dip	VA:Cr1.2.IIa Choose from a range of materials and methods of traditional and contemporary artistic practices to plan works of art and design.
How can sgraffito be applied for surface design?  Ongoing	Develop an understanding of the process of sgraffito. Create and refine art using sgraffito during leather hard stage by applying underglaze and carving a design.	Vocabulary: leather hard, sgraffito, underglaze  Techniques: sgraffito, carving	VA:Cr1.2.IIa Choose from a range of materials and methods of traditional and contemporary artistic practices to plan works of art and design.
When do artists use the additive and subtractive methods in clay?  Ongoing	☐ Demonstrate an understanding of the additive method of attaching using score and slip. ☐ Demonstrate an understanding of using subtractive methods. ☐ Create art using additive and subtractive methods for both function and decoration.	Vocabulary: additive, slip, score, functional, decorative, carving, fluting, piercing, incising  Techniques: score, slip	VA:Cr1.2.IIa Choose from a range of materials and methods of traditional and contemporary artistic practices to plan works of art and design.

Unit Title	Hand-Building		
<b>Unit Description</b>	Artists and designers use a variety of clay construction methods to create art.		
Unit Assessment	Create works of art using multiple	clay hand-building construction methods.	
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals	Content and Vocabulary	Standards
How do artists use hard-slab construction to create works of art?  10 Days	☐ Demonstrate an understanding of hard-slab construction. ☐ Create art using the hard-slab construction method.	Vocabulary: slab, score, slip  Techniques: slab rolling, building supports (paper, cardboard tubes), welding	VA:CR2.2.IIa Use multiple approaches to begin creative endeavors.
How do artists apply traditional and contemporary coiling methods to create works of art?  10 Days	☐ Demonstrate an understanding of coil construction methods. ☐ Create art using coil construction methods.	Vocabulary: coil, core, slip  Techniques: template, welding, template	VA:CR3.1.IIa Apply relevant criteria from traditional and contemporary cultural contexts to examine, reflect on, and plan revisions for works of art and design in progress.
How do artists use hard-slab construction to create works of art?  5 Days	<ul><li>☐ Develop an understanding of extruding methods.</li><li>☐ Create art using extruding methods.</li></ul>	Vocabulary: coil, extruding	VA:CR2.2.IIa Use multiple approaches to begin creative endeavors.

How do artists	Demonstrate an understanding	Techniques:	VA:CR2.1.IIa
combine hand-	of combining hand-building	extruding, coil, slab	Through experimentation,
building techniques to	techniques.		practice, and persistence,
create works of art?	Create art that combines		demonstrate acquisition of
10 Days	multiple hand-building techniques.		skills and knowledge in a chosen art form.

Unit Title	Sculpture			
<b>Unit Description</b>	Artists and designers apply the elements and principles of design to create sculptures for form and function.			
Unit Assessment	Create artwork that applies an understanding of the elements and principles of design to create sculptures.			
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals	Content and Vocabulary	Standards	
How do artists apply elements and principles of design?  10 Days	☐ Demonstrate an understanding of sculpture-in-the-round. ☐ Create a sculpture-in-the round that is visually and structurally balanced. ☐ Create a sculpture-in-the round applying multiple elements of art and principles of design.	Vocabulary: structural and physical balance, elements and principles of design  Techniques: wire, cardboard, paper, clay, plaster	VA:Cr1.2.IIa Choose from a range of materials and methods of traditional and contemporary artistic practices to plan works of art and design.	
How does the location effect an installation?  15 Days	<ul> <li>☐ Develop an understanding of installation art.</li> <li>☐ Choose a site-specific location for installation art.</li> <li>☐ Choose appropriate materials for site-specific installation art.</li> <li>☐ Create installation for a specific location.</li> </ul>	Vocabulary: installation, site-specific, and elements and principles of design	VA:Cr2.3.IIa Collaboratively develop a proposal for an installation, artwork, or space design that transforms the perception and experience of a particular place.	

<b>Unit Title</b>	Wheel Throwing			
<b>Unit Description</b>	Artists and designers use pottery wheels to create and trim works of art.			
Unit Assessment	Create a trimmed clay form using the pottery wheel.			
<b>Essential Question</b>	Learning Goals	Content and Vocabulary	Standards	
How do artists use wheels to create works of art?  15 Days	☐ Demonstrate an understanding of wheel parts, safety, and use. ☐ Demonstrate an understanding of the wheel throwing steps: center, open, pull, and shape. ☐ Experiment with creating wheel thrown forms.	Vocabulary: wheel, form, needle tool, wooden and metal rib  Techniques: center, open, pull, shape	VA.Cr2.1.IIa Through experimentation, practice, and persistence, demonstrate acquisition of skills and knowledge in a chosen art form.	
How do artists remove excess clay by trimming?  5 Days	<ul> <li>□ Develop an understanding of how to trim clay on the wheel.</li> <li>□ Create works by centering leather hard clay on wheel for trimming.</li> <li>□ Create works by using ribbon tools to trim off extra clay.</li> </ul>	Vocabulary: trim and ribbon tools  Techniques: trimming	VA:Cr1.2.IIa Choose from a range of materials and methods of traditional and contemporary artistic practices to plan works of art and design.	

#### ACCOMMODATIONS AND MODIFICATIONS

Adaptations or modifications to this planned course will allow exceptional students to earn credits toward graduation or develop skills necessary to make a transition from the school environment to community life and employment. The I.E.P. team has determined that modifications to this planned course will meet the student's I.E.P. needs.

Adaptations/Modifications may include but are not limited to:

#### INSTRUCTION CONTENT

- Modification of instructional content and/or instructional approaches
- Modification or deletion of some of the essential elements

#### **SETTING**

Preferential seating

#### **METHODS**

- Additional clarification of content
- Occasional need for one to one instruction
- Minor adjustments or pacing according to the student's rate of mastery
- Written work is difficult, use verbal/oral approaches
- Modifications of assignments/testing
- Reasonable extensions of time for task/project completion
- Assignment sheet/notebook
- Modified/adjusted mastery rates
- Modified/adjusted grading criteria
- Retesting opportunities

#### **MATERIALS**

- Supplemental texts and materials
- Large print materials for visually impaired students
- Outlines and/or study sheets
- Carbonless notebook paper
- Manipulative learning materials
- Alternatives to writing (tape recorder/calculator)